



Using Seeq to measure and reduce compressor blowdowns Nick Galizia **Matt Whiteman** SENIOR ENGINEER **TECHNICAL ARCHITECT - SCADA EQUITRANS MIDSTREAM EQUITRANS MIDSTREAM**

Agenda

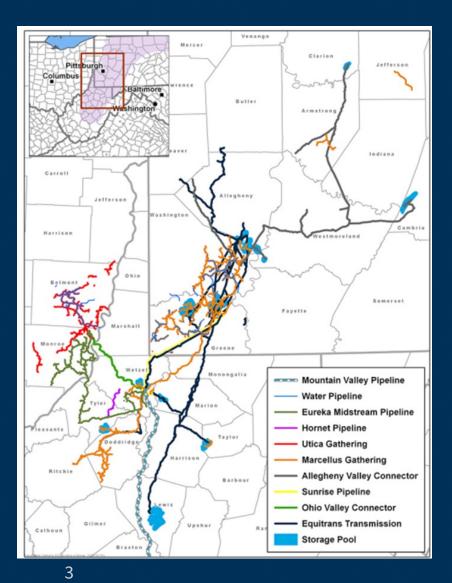


- Equitrans Midstream Company Profile
- Our Journey with the PI and Seeq
- Compressor Blowdowns Explained
- Use Case Compressor
- Perspectives on Best Practices & Lessons Learned
- Benefits
- Q&A



Company Profile





Strategic midstream network in the Appalachian Basin, with primary operations located in OH, PA, and WV Gathering

- 1,180 miles of high-pressure lines
- 493k Hp 135 compressor units

Transmission

- 940 miles of interstate lines
- 136k Hp 43 compressor units
- 18 storage fields
- Water
 - 200 miles of water lines
 - 21 fresh-water impoundment facilities
 - Mixed-use water system in development



Our Journey

2016 – RCM Focus

- Pilot one gathering site
 - 7 engine/compressor units
 - 9000 tags
 - 3 Seeq Solution users, on-prem

2023 – Multiple use cases

- 60 compressor stations
 - 170+ engine/compressor units
 - 500+ ultrasonic meters
 - 30 odorizers
 - ~ 20 users, SaaS



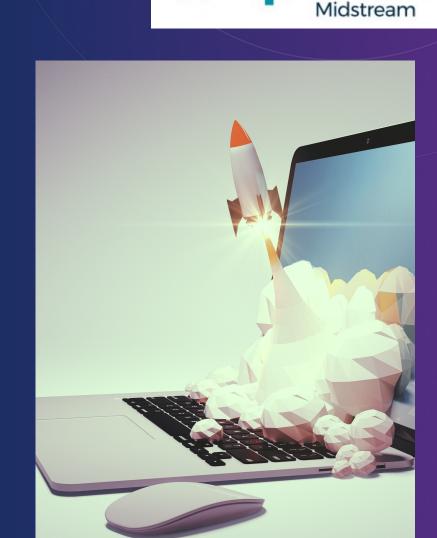




Transition To and Benefits of SaaS

- On Prem to SaaS in 3 Simple meetings
 - **Pre-meeting:** review the existing On Prem environment and walk through of the migration procedures
 - *Migration-prep meeting:* backup of the database, test connectivity to Seeq AWS environment, review connector configs, discuss migration process and timing
 - Migration day: one final backup to catch any new changes; turn down On Prem Seeq
 Server and convert Seeq Server to Seeq Agent; allow backup to be restored in Seeq
 AWS; initiate Seeq Agent and confirm configurations ; validate data
 - NOTE: our migration day was roughly 4 hours, with the majority of time used for backup and restoring. The Seeq team was available during the entire migration to provide assistance if needed.

SaaS offers more enhanced support and features compared to On Prem. Seeq Team always watching to ensure the system is running as optimally as possible.

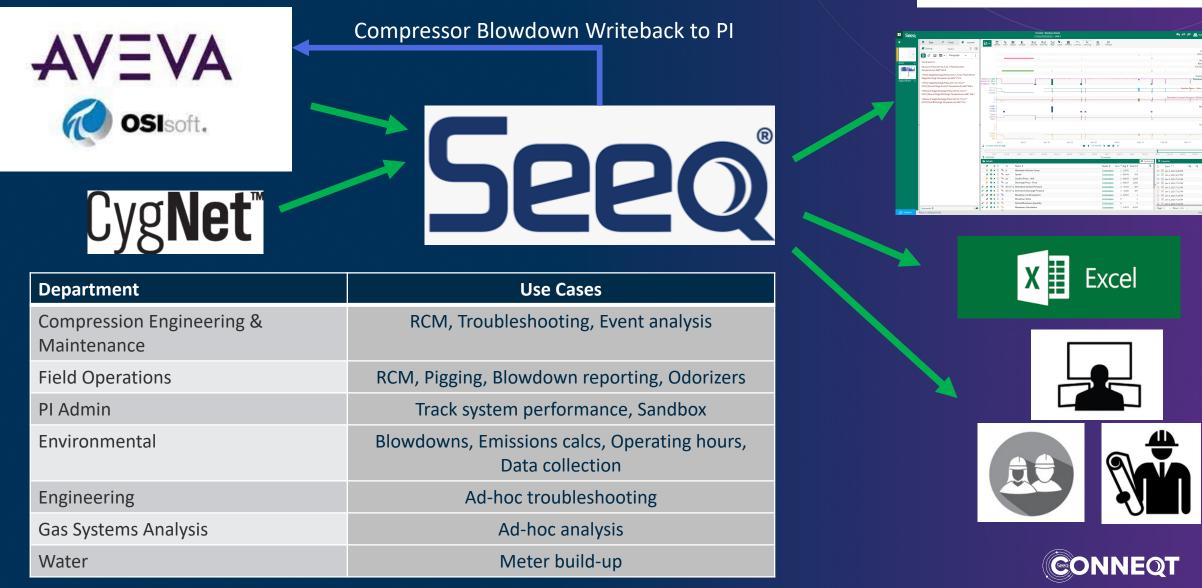


€equ

ns



Seeq Solution at Equitrans



€ equitrans Midstream

Compressor Blowdown Use Case



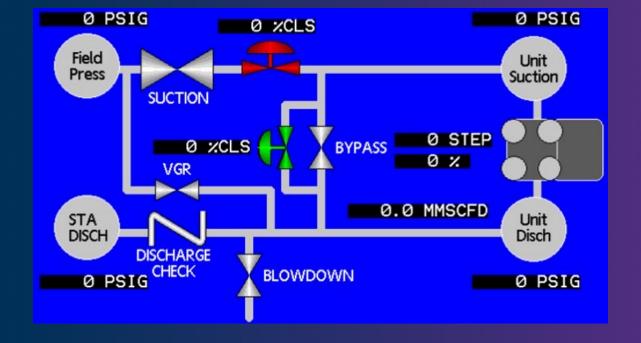
What Is A Compressor Blowdown?





High-pressure gas within the compressor and associated piping (between the isolation valves) must be periodically relieved or vented

Reasons	Mitigants	
Maintenance	VGR Work stacking	
Emergency Shutdowns		
Unloading during start-up	VGR Partial blowdowns	



Blowdown events are minimized; however, must be accurately tracked for reporting purposes



Compressor Blowdown Evolution



Method	Work Orders and SCADA	PI Calculated	PI & Seeq (better together)		
Benefit	Capture information	 Event based Automated & high resolution 	 Standard methodology, capital savings Seeq writeback to PI Improved accuracy & real time data 		
Challenges	 Manual, conservative process with low data resolution Aggregation performed annually 	 Equipment and capital needed, many assumptions 	 Multiple calculations and workbooks to manage 		
	Maximum Maximum Maximum Maximum	Add zmanundle Ferenion Woke af Ensland Name Epression View af Ensland Woke af Ensland </td <td>NULL 1932 1932 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1933 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1934 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1935 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1935 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1936 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1937 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1938 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1939 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1930 Sector Pa</td>	NULL 1932 1932 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1933 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1934 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1935 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1935 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1936 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1937 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1938 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1939 Sector Pass - Vend Managenes 1930 Sector Pa		



Seeq Solution Methodology



Data to calculate blowdown volume

fx Ð Blowdown Calculation Suction Derivative < -0.1Discharge Derivative < -0.1 Pressure <55 psi Blowdown-Both Derivatives Variables + Add Variable Details Full Blowdown to Atmospheric 998.25 Speed. ltem Name 665.50 332.75 Suction Press - Unit + / × \$spu 0.0000 1st Stage Suction Temp + 🖉 🗙 Sssst 1088 Suction Press - Unit, Discharge Press - Final 725.40 + 🖉 🗙 1st Stage Disch Press \$ssdp 362.70 0.0000 2nd Stage Suction Snsst + 🖉 🗙 Temp Derivative Suction Pressure, Derivative Discharge Pressure 3rd Stage Disch Temp Srsdt + 🖉 🗙 2nd Stage Disch Press + 🖉 🗙 \$nsdp Blowdown to Atmospheric 28397 Snsdt 2nd Stage Disch Temp + 🖉 🗙 21731 15064 8397 fx Derivative Suction Pressure Blowdown Valve Travel losed Variables + Add Variable 📥 Details Open Name ltem \$spu 3655 Blowdown Calculation Suction Press - Unit (psi) + / × ₩ EQT (Midstream) » All Assets » Euro pa » Unit 1 » Compressor Formula EO 4:00 am 5:00 am 6:00 am 7:00 am 8:00 am 9:00 am 10:00 am 11:00 am 12:00 pm 1:00 pm 2:00 pm 3:00 pm ↓ 2/16/2023 3:54 AM EST 📢 🖣 11.5 hours 🕨 💓 🕽 🕄 2/16/2023 3:26 PM EST 1 \$spu.agileFilter(30sec).derivative().setMaxInt

Leverage derivative function and capsules to determine when event occurs

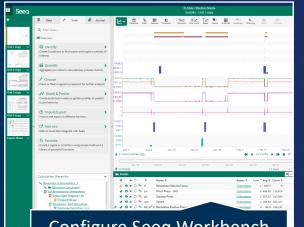


Process Scaling Using Seeq Solution

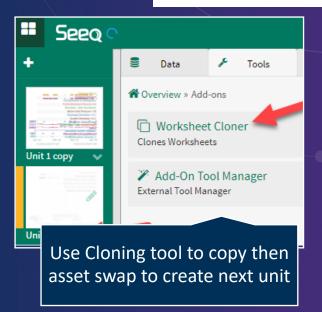
€ equitrans Midstream

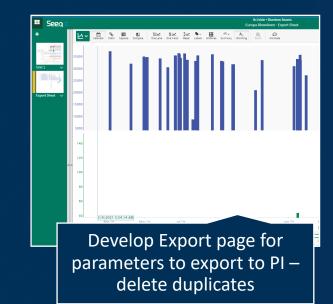
([Suction <u>Pressure]+</u>14.7)/14.7*(520/([Suction Temperature]+460))*284.3 +([First Stage Discharge <u>Pressure]+</u>14.7)/14.7* (520<u>//</u>[First Stage Discharge Temperature]+460)*179.2 +([First Stage Discharge Pressure]<u>+</u>14.7)/14.7* (520<u>//</u>[Second Stage Suction Temperature]+460)*206.5 +([Second Stage Discharge <u>Pressure]+</u>14.7)/14.7* (520<u>//</u>[Second Stage Discharge Temperature]+460)*158.1 +([Second Stage Discharge <u>Pressure]+</u>14.7)/14.7*

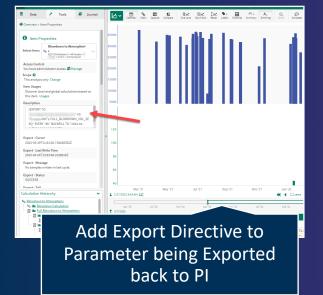
for Asset



Configure Seeq Workbench Analysis for one compressor unit

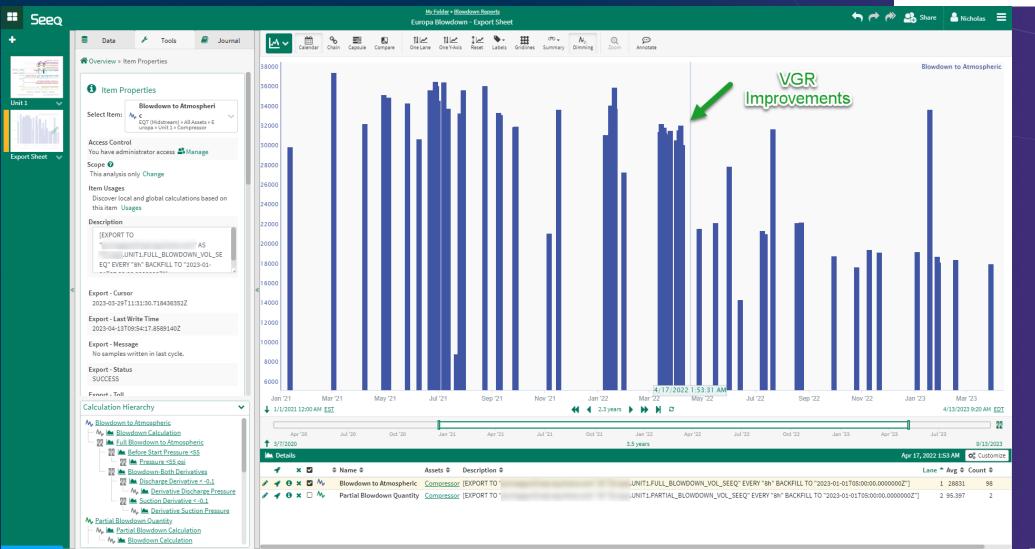








Seeq Solution Helps to Measure Success



back R58.2.1-v202301031702

CONNEQT

€ equitrans

Midstream

Best Practices and Lessons Learned



Best Practices

Standardize methodology

- Standard PI templates help with asset switching
- Cloning tool creates unique IDs
- Workbook per station, worksheet per compressor
- Document using journal (asset-specific equations)
- Automatic tag generation for writeback

Lessons Learned

- Asset differences make it difficult to scale calculations
- Consider frequency of data writebacks (data quantity)
- Be wary of template changes and database migrations



Realized Benefits

	Improved Emissions Calculation	Capital Savings	Work Order Reduction	Opportunity Discovery	Data Integrity
Details	~20% compressor blowdown volume reduction compared to baseline	Eliminated the need to install automated blowdown valves on units without them	Eliminated the need for compressor blowdown Maximo work orders	Early identification of stations with emissions issues, ability to quantify improvements	Continuously identify and calculate compressor blowdowns, reduces manual involvement of data interaction
Savings	Methane reduction (ESG)	\$>1 MM capital savings	~3000 work orders eliminated	\$ / Ton methane, reduced downtime, reduced corrective maintenance	Improved data accuracy and report frequency

Questions?



Thank you

